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met the criteria for reinsurance payment set forth in the annual HHS notice of benefit and payment parameters for the applicable year or the State notice of benefit and payment parameters described in subpart B of this part, as applicable.

(b) Manner of request. An issuer of a reinsurance-eligible plan must make requests for payment in accordance with the requirements of the annual HHS notice of benefit and payment parameters for the applicable benefit and payment parameters described in subpart B of this part, as applicable.

Subpart F—Health Insurance Issuer Standards Related to the Risk Corridors Program

§ 153.500 Definitions.

The following definitions apply to this subpart:

Administrative costs mean, with respect to a QHP, total non-claims costs incurred by the QHP issuer for the QHP, as described in §158.160(b) of this subchapter.

Allowable administrative costs mean, with respect to a QHP, administrative costs of the QHP, up to 20 percent of the premiums earned with respect to the QHP (including any premium tax credit under any governmental program).

Allowable costs mean, with respect to a QHP, an amount equal to the sum of incurred claims of the QHP issuer for the QHP, within the meaning of §158.140 of this subchapter (including adjustments for any direct and indirect remuneration); expenditures by the QHP issuer for the QHP for activities that improve health care quality as set forth in §158.150 of this subchapter: expenditures by the QHP issuer for the QHP related to health information technology and meaningful use requirements as set forth in §158.151 of this subchapter; and the adjustments set forth in §153.530(b).

Charge means the flow of funds from OHP issuers to HHS.

Direct and indirect remuneration means prescription drug rebates received by a QHP issuer within the meaning of \$158.140(b)(1)(i) of this subchapter.

Payment means the flow of funds from HHS to QHP issuers.

Premiums earned mean, with respect to a QHP, all monies paid by or for enrollees with respect to that plan as a condition of receiving coverage, including any fees or other contributions paid by or for enrollees, within the meaning of §158.130 of this subchapter.

Risk corridors means any payment adjustment system based on the ratio of allowable costs of a plan to the plan's target amount.

Target amount means, with respect to a QHP, an amount equal to the total premiums earned with respect to a QHP, including any premium tax credit under any governmental program, reduced by the allowable administrative costs of the plan.

§ 153.510 Risk corridors establishment and payment methodology.

- (a) General requirement. A QHP issuer must adhere to the requirements set by HHS in this subpart and in the annual HHS notice of benefit and payment parameters for the establishment and administration of a program of risk corridors for calendar years 2014, 2015, and 2016
- (b) HHS payments to health insurance issuers. QHP issuers will receive payment from HHS in the following amounts, under the following circumstances:
- (1) When a QHP's allowable costs for any benefit year are more than 103 percent but not more than 108 percent of the target amount, HHS will pay the QHP issuer an amount equal to 50 percent of the allowable costs in excess of 103 percent of the target amount; and
- (2) When a QHP's allowable costs for any benefit year are more than 108 percent of the target amount, HHS will pay to the QHP issuer an amount equal to the sum of 2.5 percent of the target amount plus 80 percent of allowable costs in excess of 108 percent of the target amount.
- (c) Health insurance issuers' remittance of charges. QHP issuers must remit charges to HHS in the following amounts, under the following circumstances:
- (1) If a QHP's allowable costs for any benefit year are less than 97 percent

but not less than 92 percent of the target amount, the QHP issuer must remit charges to HHS in an amount equal to 50 percent of the difference between 97 percent of the target amount and the allowable costs; and

(2) When a QHP's allowable costs for any benefit year are less than 92 percent of the target amount, the QHP issuer must remit charges to HHS in an amount equal to the sum of 2.5 percent of the target amount plus 80 percent of the difference between 92 percent of the target amount and the allowable costs.

§ 153.520 Attribution and allocation of revenue and expense items.

- (a) Attribution to QHP. Each item of revenue or expense in allowable costs or the target amount with respect to a QHP must be reasonably attributable to the operation of the QHP, with the attribution based on a generally accepted accounting method, consistently applied. To the extent that an issuer utilizes a specific method for allocating expenses for purposes of §158.170 of this subchapter, the method used for purposes of this paragraph must be consistent.
- (b) Allocation across plans. Each item of revenue or expense in allowable costs or the target amount must be reasonably allocated across a QHP issuer's plans, with the allocation based on a generally accepted accounting method, consistently applied. To the extent that an issuer utilizes a specific method for allocating expenses for purposes of §158.170 of this subchapter, the method used for purposes of this paragraph must be consistent.
- (c) Disclosure of attribution and allocation methods. A QHP issuer must submit to HHS a report, in the manner and timeframe specified in the annual HHS notice of benefit and payment parameters, with a detailed description of the methods and specific bases used to perform the attributions and allocations set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section.
- (d) Attribution of reinsurance and risk adjustment to benefit year. A QHP issuer must attribute reinsurance payments and contributions and risk adjustment payments and charges to allowable costs for the benefit year with respect to which the reinsurance payments or

contributions or risk adjustment calculations apply.

(e) Maintenance of records. A QHP issuer must maintain for 10 years and make available to HHS upon request the data used to make the attributions and allocations set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, together with all supporting information required to determine that these methods and bases were accurately implemented.

§153.530 Risk corridors data requirements.

- (a) Premium data. A QHP issuer must submit to HHS data on the premiums earned with respect to each QHP that the issuer offers in the manner and timeframe set forth in the annual HHS notice of benefit and payment parameters.
- (b) Allowable costs. A QHP issuer must submit to HHS data on the allowable costs incurred with respect to each QHP that the QHP issuer offers in the manner and timeframe set forth in the annual HHS notice of benefit and payment parameters. For purposes of this subpart, allowable costs must be—
 - (1) Increased by-
- (i) Any risk adjustment charges paid by the issuer for the QHP under the risk adjustment program established pursuant to subpart D of this part; and
- (ii) Any reinsurance contributions made by the issuer for the QHP under the transitional reinsurance program established pursuant to subpart C of this part.
 - (2) Reduced by-
- (i) Any risk adjustment payments received by the issuer for the QHP under the risk adjustment program established pursuant to subpart D of this part:
- (ii) Any reinsurance payments received by the issuer for the QHP under the transitional reinsurance program established pursuant to subpart C of this part; and
- (iii) Any cost-sharing reduction payments received by the issuer for the QHP.
- (c) Allowable administrative costs. A QHP issuer must submit to HHS data on the allowable administrative costs incurred with respect to each QHP that the QHP issuer offers in the manner